Direct Instruction

The Constitution has three parts

- the introduction (Preamble);
- the structure and powers of the government (Articles);
- and the rights of citizens (Bill of Rights/Amendments).

Direct Instruction

The Principals of the Constitution

- Limited government (the government's power over people's freedoms is limited by laws)
- Republicanism (citizens have the power to choose government representatives)
- Checks and balances (powers of one branch of government are limited by the powers of other branches)
- Federalism (division of power between federal and state governments)
- Separation of powers (government functions are divided among three branches)
- Popular sovereignty (the government's power lies with the people)
- Individual rights

Turn & Talk What individual rights are in the first Amendment?

Individual rights

Amendment I. Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

Staple/Tape the PRINCIPLES of the CONSTITUTION paper in your notebook